REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE LINCOLN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Ronald W. Gilbert, Lincoln County Judge/Executive
Members of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Moore Stephens Potter, LLP, Certified Public Accountant, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Moore Stephens Potter, LLP to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Moore Stephens Potter, LLP evaluated the Lincoln County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE LINCOLN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2005

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP has completed the audit of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005.

We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, on the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The Fiscal Court had net assets of \$7,199,447 as of June 30, 2005. The Fiscal Court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,908,766 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2005, with total net assets of \$7,178,834. In its enterprise fund, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$20,613 with total net assets of \$20,613. The Fiscal Court's discretely presented component unit had net assets of \$74,010 as of June 30, 2005. The discretely presented component unit had net cash and cash equivalents of \$50,425. In its fiduciary fund, total cash and cash equivalents held in custody for others were \$12,142, with net assets of \$0. Total debt principal as of June 30, 2005, was \$5,760,725 with \$399,973 due within the next year.

Report Comment:

• The County Treasurer Should Prepare Bank Reconciliations For The Public Properties Corporation.

Deposits:

The Fiscal Court and component units' deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
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Members of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Emergency Communication Commission, a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Emergency Communication Commission, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Lincoln County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2005, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

To the People of Kentucky
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The County has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lincoln County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2006 on our consideration of Lincoln County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the following comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

• The County Treasurer Should Prepare Bank Reconciliations For The Public Properties Corporation.

Respectfully submitted,

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Audit fieldwork completed - February 22, 2006

LINCOLN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fiscal Court Members:

Ronald W. Gilbert County Judge/Executive

Earlin Cress Magistrate
Mark Denham Magistrate
Bill Dyehouse Magistrate

Terry L. Wilcher Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

John E. Hackley County Attorney

William David Gooch Jailer

Sonny Spoonamore, IV County Clerk

Teresa Reed Circuit Court Clerk

Shelby R. Lakes Sheriff

David Gambrel Property Valuation Administrator

William Demrow Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Teresa Padgett County Treasurer

Patricia Young Occupational Tax Collector

Jessica Roark Finance Officer



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2005

	June 30, 2005					a		
		Pi	rimary	Governme	nt		Component Unit	
		rnmental tivities		ness-Type tivities		Totals	Com	nergency nunication nmission
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2	2,890,236	\$	20,613	\$	2,910,849	\$	50,425
Receivables Due From: Bank of New York		22.040				22,940		
Fiscal Court		22,940				22,940		111,698
Emergency Communication								111,076
Commission		10,466				10,466		
Sub-leases Receivable		94,801				94,801		
Investments		500,000				500,000		
Total Current Assets	3	3,518,443		20,613		3,539,056		162,123
Noncurrent Assets:								
Sub-leases Receivable	1	,094,550				1,094,550		
Debt Issuance Costs - Net of		1,074,550				1,074,550		
Accumulated Amortization		49,308				49,308		
Capital Assets - Net of		ĺ				ŕ		
Accumulated Depreciation								
Land		349,043				349,043		8,500
Construction In Progress		561,514				561,514		
Buildings	3	3,611,501				3,611,501		52,054
Equip ment		424,528				424,528		26,725
Vehicles		215,218				215,218		
Infrastructure Assets - Net								
of Depreciation		3,115,454				3,115,454		
Total Assets		9,421,116		20,613		9,421,116		87,279 249,402
Total Assets	1	2,939,559		20,613		12,960,172		249,402
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Payroll Taxes								3,631
Due to Fiscal Court								19,466
Due to Emergency Communication		111 500				111 500		
Commission Due to Administrative Office		111,698				111,698		
of the Courts		14,000				14,000		
Bonds Payable						14,000 117,830		
Financing Obligations Payable		117,830 156,445				156,445		
Total Current Liabilities		399,973		0		399,973	- —	23,097
Total Carront Emerica		0,,,,,				577,775		20,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Due After One Year								152,295
Bonds Payable		3,382,571				3,382,571		
Financing Obligations Payable		,978,181				1,978,181	_	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		5,360,752		0		5,360,752		152,295
Total Liabilities		5,760,725		0		5,760,725	_	175,392
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
Net of Related Debt	3	3,882,780				3,882,780		37,682
Restricted for Capital Projects	1	,438,486				1,438,486		
Unrestricted	1	,857,568		20,613		1,878,181		36,328
Total Net Assets	\$ 7	7,178,834	\$	20,613	\$	7,199,447	\$	74,010

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Progra	Received		
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$1,602,572	\$ 182,024	\$ 363,898	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property	1,043,254	800,708	122,351		
General Health and Sanitation	296,609	355,289	48,220		
Social Services	115,807				
Recreation and Culture	137,449	1,375	23,164		
Roads	1,222,736		992,708	160,000	
Debt Service	231,281		156,426		
Capital Projects	741,451			324,708	
Total Governmental Activities	5,391,159	1,339,396	1,706,767	484,708	
Business-type Activities:					
Jail Canteen	114,065	111,948			
Total Business-type Activities	114,065	111,948	0	0	
Total Primary Government	\$5,505,224	\$1,451,344	\$1,706,767	\$ 484,708	
Component Unit:					
Emergency Communication Commission	\$ 308,333	\$ 331,839	<u>.</u>		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Intergovernmental Revenues
Not restricted
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Other Revenues

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (restated)

Net Assets - Ending

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and						
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Emergency Communication Commission			
\$ (1,056,650)	\$	\$ (1,056,650)	\$			
(120, 195)		(120,195)				
106,900		106,900				
(115,807)		(115,807)				
(112,910)		(112,910)				
(70,028)		(70,028)				
(74,855)		(74,855)				
(416,743)		(416,743)				
(1,860,288)	0	(1,860,288)	0			
	(2,117)	(2,117)				
0	(2,117)	(2,117)	0			
(1,860,288)	(2,117)	(1,862,405)	0			
			23,506			
485,792		485,792				
23,254		23,254				
135,847		135,847				
1,142,170		1,142,170				
202,268		202,268				
58,676		58,676				
118		118				
50,161		50,161				
154,583		154,583				
2,252,869	0	2,252,869	0			
392,581	(2,117)	390,464	23,506			
6,786,253	22,730	6,808,983	50,504			
\$ 7,178,834	\$ 20,613	\$ 7,199,447	\$ 74,010			



LINCOLN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LINCOLN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund		Road And Bridge Fund		Jail Fund		Federal Grants Fund	
ASSETS		_						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivable Due from Bank of New York Receivable Due from Emergency	\$	387,647	\$	142,179	\$	79,800	\$	68,040
Communications Commission Investments		10,466						
Total Assets	\$	398,113	\$	142,179	\$	79,800	\$	68,040
LIABILITIES Due to Emergency Communications Commission	\$	111 700	\$		\$		\$	
Due to Administrative Office of the Courts	Þ	111,698			.			
Total Liabilities		111,698						
FUND BALANCES Reserved for:								
Encumbrances Unreserved:		144,588		40,254		20,459		
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund		141,827		101,925		59,341		68,040
Total Fund Balances		286,415		142,179		79,800		68,040
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	398,113	\$	142,179	\$	79,800	\$	68,040

LINCOLN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Occupational Tax Fund		Public Properties Corporation Fund		Non-Major Funds		Total vernmental Funds
\$ 766,108	\$	1,414,854 22,940	\$	31,608	\$	2,890,236 22,940
500,000						10,466 500,000
\$ 1,266,108	\$	1,437,794	\$	31,608	\$	3,423,642
\$	\$		\$		\$	111,698
		14,000				14,000
		14,000				125,698
27						205,328
1,266,081		1,423,794		31,608		141,827 1,526,995 1,423,794
1,266,108		1,423,794		31,608		3,297,944
\$ 1,266,108	\$	1,437,794	\$	31,608	\$	3,423,642

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$	3,297,944
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement		
Of Net Assets are different because:		
Sub-leases receivable - amount due to KACO Leasing Trust. Therefore, no	t	
available as funds to the County and not an asset in the governmental fund	ds	1,189,351
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		10,327,466
Accumulated depreciation		(2,050,208)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	is	
not reported in the funds.		
Due within one year - bonds, notes, and other principal payments		(274,275)
Due in more than one year - bonds, notes, and other principal payments	,	(5,360,752)
Bond issuance costs - net		49,308
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$	7,178,834



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

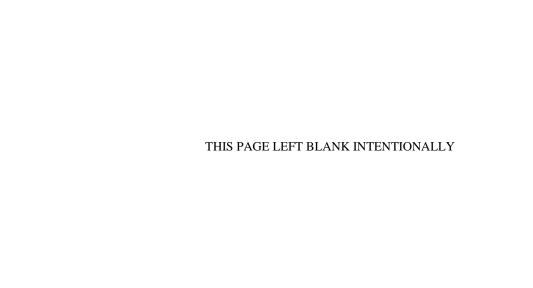
LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

		General Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Jail Fund
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	847,162	\$		\$	
Excess Fees	Ψ	58,676	Ψ		Ψ	
Licenses and Permits		125,161				
Intergovernmental		333,836		1,140,435		843,048
Charges for Services		317,131		1,110,100		50,176
Miscellaneous		214,974		31,082		26,263
Interest		5,493		1,502		477
Total Revenues		1,902,433		1,173,019		919,964
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		787,720				
Protection to Persons and Property		349,210				759,643
General Health and Sanitation		272,178		19,978		,
Social Services		101,023				
Recreation and Culture		133,630				
Roads				1,450,769		
Debt Service		233,868				
Capital Projects		124,818		3,596		
Administration		426,852		230,760		168,244
Total Expenditures		2,429,299		1,705,103		927,887
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)		(526,866)		(532,084)		(7,923)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
KACO Financing Obligations Issued		320,295				
Sub-lease Passthrough		(320,295)				
General Obligation Bonds Issued						
Refunding Bonds Issued						
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent						
Bond Issuance Discounts						
Transfers From Other Funds		261,282		462,800		
Transfers To Other Funds		(31,828)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		229,454		462,800		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(297,412)		(69,284)		(7,923)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		583,827		211,463		87,723
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	286,415	\$	142,179	\$	79,800

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Federal Grants Fund		Occupational Tax Fund		Public Properties Corporation Fund		Non- Major Funds		Total vernmental Funds
\$	\$	1,142,170	\$		\$		\$	1,989,332
Ψ	4	1,1 .2,1 / 3	4		Ψ		4	58,676
								125,161
474,708				156,426		47,547		2,996,000
		61						367,368
8,417		820						281,556
		11,003		31,488		199		50,162
483,125		1,154,054		187,914		47,746		5,868,255
		52,430						840,150
								1,108,853
								292,156
								101,023
								133,630
						35,200		1,485,969
				244,915				478,783
613,037				561,514				1,302,965
		16,353						842,209
613,037		68,783		806,429		35,200		6,585,738
(100 010)				(110 717)				(=1= 100)
(129,912)		1,085,271		(618,515)		12,546		(717,483)
								320,295
								(320,295)
				2,000,000				2,000,000
				1,800,000				1,800,000
				(1,885,700)				(1,885,700)
				(72,329)				(72,329)
102,121				31,828				858,031
102,121		(826,203)		31,626				(858,031)
102,121		(826,203)		1,873,799		0		1,841,971
(27,791)		259,068		1,255,284		12,546		1,124,488
95,831	,	1,007,040		1,233,284		19,062		2,173,456
\$ 68,040	\$	1,266,108	\$	1,423,794	\$	31,608	\$	3,297,944



LINCOLN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

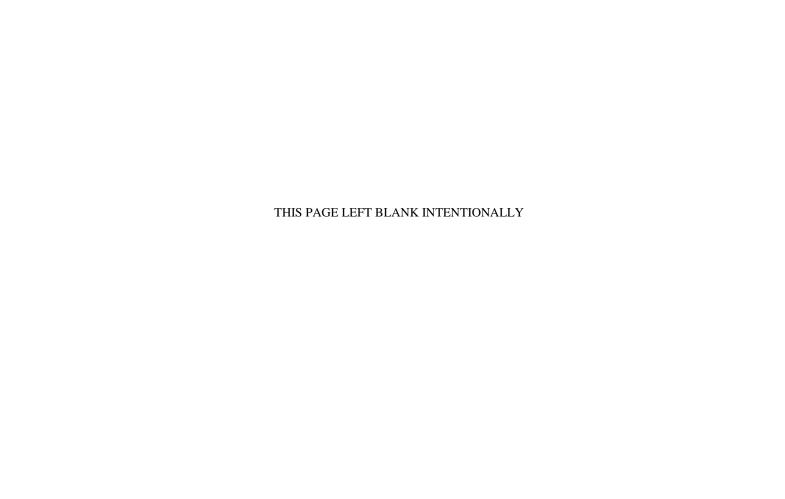
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,124,488
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,327,868
Depreciation Expense	(380,796)
Collections on Sub-leases Receivable	(84,510)
The issuance of debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds. These transactions, however,	
have no effect on net assets.	
General Obligation Bonds Issued	(2,000,000)
Refunding Bonds Issued	(1,800,000)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	1,885,700
Amortization of Refunding Loss	(5,800)
Bond Issuance Discounts	72,329
Amortization of Bond Issuance Discounts	(2,630)
Deferral of Debt Issuance Costs	51,198
Current Year Amortization of Debt Issuance Costs	(1,890)
KACO, KADD, and Ford Motor Credit financing obligations, and bond	
principal payments are expensed in the Governmental Funds as a use of	
current financial resources. These transactions, however, have no effect	
on net assets.	
KACO financing obligations	119,807
KADD financing obligations	15,000
Ford Motor Credit financing obligations	21,817
Bond payments	 50,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 392,581



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Act Ent	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	_	Jail anteen Fund		
Assets Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,613		
Total Current Assets		20,613		
Net Assets Unrestricted		20,613		
Total Net Assets	\$	20,613		



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Ac	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
		Jail Canteen Fund		
Operating Revenues				
Canteen Receipts	\$	111,948		
Operating Expenses				
Cost of Sales		75,617		
Educational and Recreational		28,066		
Personnel Costs		10,382		
Total Operating Expenses		114,065		
Operating Loss		(2,117)		
Change In Net Assets		(2,117)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning		22,730		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	20,613		



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
		Jail Canteen Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts From Customers	\$	111,948	
Cost of Sales		(75,617)	
Educational and Recreational		(28,066)	
Personnel Costs		(10,382)	
Net Cash Used By		(==,==)	
Operating Activities		(2,117)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash			
Equivalents		(2,117)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2004		22,730	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2005	\$	20,613	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities			
Operating Loss	\$	(2,117)	
Net Cash Used By Operating Activities	\$	(2,117)	
		· · /	



LINCOLN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2005

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June 30, 2005

		Agency Fund	
	Jail Inmate Fund		
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,142	
Total Current Assets		12,142	
Liabilities			
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		12,142	
Total Liabilities		12,142	
Net Assets			
Total Net Assets	\$	0	

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LINCOLN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The County presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Sub-lease receivables are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but are not included and recognized on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the County to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Lincoln County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the Fiscal Court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Unit

The following legally separate organization provides service exclusively to the primary government, and the Fiscal Court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the County's primary government using the blending method.

Lincoln County Public Properties Corporation

The Lincoln County Public Properties Corporation (the Corporation) is a legally separate entity established to provide long-term debt service for the Fiscal Court. The Corporation's governing body consists entirely of Fiscal Court members. Therefore, management has included the Corporation as part of the reporting entity, and the activity has been blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit's columns in the combined financial statements include the data of the following organization. They are reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column that is labeled "Component Unit" to emphasize this organization's separateness from the Fiscal Court's primary government.

Lincoln County Emergency Communication Commission

The Lincoln County Emergency Communication Commission (the Commission) is a legally separate entity established to provide emergency response services to Lincoln County. The Commission's members are appointed independently of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court, and the Commission's governing body is substantially different from that of the Fiscal Court. The Fiscal Court is financially accountable because the Commission can not borrow any funds or enter into any financed capital purchase or lease/purchase agreement without prior approval of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court and the Fiscal Court must approve rate changes established by the Commission. Financial information for the Commission is presented discretely within Lincoln County's financial statements.

Audited financial statements for the Commission, a discretely presented component unit, may be requested by contacting the Lincoln County Emergency Communication Commission, 319 West Main Street, Stanford, Kentucky 40484.

C. Lincoln County Elected Officials Not Part Of Lincoln County, Kentucky

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Lincoln County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the Fiscal Court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Lincoln County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The Fiscal Court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined in item A above.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance (ending cash account balances) as the measure of available financial resources at the end of the period.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus (Continued)

The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of changes in fund net assets, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial) associated with its activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Federal Grants Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for federal grant activity of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are federal grants received directly from the federal government or passed through to the county from state government and required matching funds for the federal grants.

Occupational Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the collection of occupational tax. The primary source of revenue for this fund is occupational employment tax and net profit tax.

Public Properties Corporation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the activities of the Public Properties Corporation (PPC), a blended component unit of the county. The PPC issued debt to build a justice center. The PPC entered into a contract, lease, and option with the County and Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), Commonwealth of Kentucky. The Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund and Law Enforcement Facilities Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

The Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Federal Grants Fund, Occupational Tax Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund and Law Enforcement Facilities Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Debt Service Fund

The Public Properties Corporation is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, educational and recreational activities and administrative expenses.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County's agency fund is used to account for monies held by the County in the Jail Inmate Fund for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only Therefore, it has no measurement focus.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	T1	hreshold	(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding are amortized on the straight-line method over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount and deferred amount on refunding. Debt issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent the Fiscal Court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the Fiscal Court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the Fiscal Court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the Fiscal Court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. However, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level. However, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

A formal budget is not adopted for the Public Properties Corporation because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund to comply with these requirements. The Governor's Office For Local Development does not require this fund to be budgeted.

J. Related Organization

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the McKinney Water District is considered a related organization of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Stanford/Lincoln County Industrial Authority, whose purpose is to acquire and develop industrial sites and plants for the community, is a joint board of the County and City. The County Judge/Executive, with the approval of the Fiscal Court, appoints three members; and the Mayor, with the approval of the city council, appoints three members. The County has no equity interest. The County did not contribute any funds to the Stanford/Lincoln County Industrial Authority for the year ended June 20, 2005.

Note 2. Deposits

A. Deposits

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Investments reported on the accompanying statement of net assets and balance sheet - governmental funds consist of a \$500,000 six-month nonnegotiable certificate of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2005, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning			Ending			
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 331,243	\$ 17,800	\$	\$ 349,043			
Construction In Progress		561,514		561,514			
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated	331,243	579,314	0	910,557			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	4,229,325	107,200		4,336,525			
Equipment	591,965	127,508		719,473			
Vehicles	349,376	50,900		400,276			
Infrastructure	3,497,689	462,946		3,960,635			
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	8,668,355	748,554	0	9,416,909			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings	(654,586)	(70,438)		(725,024)			
Equipment	(251,542)	(43,403)		(294,945)			
Vehicles	(150,505)	(34,553)		(185,058)			
Infrastructure	(612,779)	(232,402)		(845,181)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,669,412)	(380,796)	0	(2,050,208)			
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net	6,998,943	367,758	0	7,366,701			
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$ 7,330,186	\$ 947,072	\$ 0	\$ 8,277,258			

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: Land and Land Improvements	\$	8,500	\$		\$		\$ 8,500
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings		56,500		9,717			66,217
Equipment		11,666		18,887			 30,553
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		68,166		28,604		0	96,770
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings		(12,943)		(1,220)			(14,163)
Equipment		(1,200)		(2,628)			(3,828)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(14,143)		(3,848)		0	(17,991)
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net		54,023		24,756		0	 78,779
Component Unit Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	62,523	\$	24,756	\$	0	\$ 87,279
Depreciation expense was charged to fu	nctic	ons of the pr	imary	governme	ent as fol	lows:	
Governmental Activities:							
General Government							\$ 62,437
Protection to Persons and Property							22,990
General Health and Sanitation							6,953
Social Services							14,784
Recreation and Culture							3,819
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets							269,813
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities						\$ 380,796	
Component Unit Activities:							
Protection to Persons and Property							\$ 3,848
Total Depreciation Expense - Component Unit Activities							\$ 3,848

Note 4. Short-term Debt

In July 2004, Lincoln County participated in the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advance Revenue Program by issuing a note in the amount of \$660,100, with principal being due in January 2005. While the County did not use the borrowed funds in order to meet current General Fund expenses, it was able to reinvest the funds and receive interest income of \$9,236, while paying interest expense of \$7,208, with net interest earnings being \$2,027.

Changes In Short-term Liabilities

	Begii	nning			End	ling
Governmental Activities:	Bala	ance	Additions	Reductions	Bala	nce
Kentucky Advance Revenue Program	\$	0	\$ 660,100	\$ 660,100	\$	0

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds

On October 1, 2004, the Public Properties Corporation issued \$1,800,000 in First Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, with interest rates ranging between 2.00% and 4.60%. The Corporation issued the bonds to advance refund \$1,700,000 of the outstanding series 1996 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds with interest rates ranging between 5.00% and 6.50%. The Corporation used the net proceeds to purchase U.S. government securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on the refunded portion of the 1996 series bonds. As a result, that portion of the 1996 series bonds is considered defeased, and the Corporation has removed the liability from its accounts. The outstanding principal of the defeased bonds is \$1,665,000 at June 30, 2005.

The advance refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next 22 years by more than \$243,000. This results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$166,382.

Additionally, as a result of this refunding the Fiscal Court has recognized a deferred amount on the refunding in the amount of \$185,000. This amount represents the difference between the reacquisition price relative to the Series 1996 bonds outstanding (including the 102% call premium) and the net carrying amount of the Series 1996 bonds (including the unamortized discount and debt issuance costs). The unamortized deferred amount on the refunding is reported in the accompanying statement of net assets as a deduction from the outstanding revenue bonds payable as of June 30, 2005.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal Payment	Interest Payment	Total Payment	Total to be Paid by the AOC
2006	\$ 60.000	\$ 65.970	\$ 125.970	\$ 125,970
2007	60,000	64,770	124,770	124,770
2008	65,000	63,270	128,270	128,270
2009	65,000	61,645	126,645	126,645
2010-2014	345,000	278,205	623,205	623,205
2015-2019	415,000	211,880	626,880	626,880
2020-2024	505,000	121,460	626,460	626,460
2025-2026	235,000	16,215	251,215	251,215
Totals	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 883,415	\$2,633,415	\$ 2,633,415

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. General Obligation Improvement Bonds

On September 1, 2004, Lincoln County authorized its General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, in the principal amount of \$2,000,000 for the purpose of financing site development of a new countywide recreational park. Principal payments are due annually by August 1. The total principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$2,000,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year		
Ending	Scheduled	Principal
June 30	Interest	Payment
2006	\$ 74,210	\$ 70,000
2007	72,579	75,000
2008	70,891	75,000
2009	69,091	75,000
2010-2014	308,265	425,000
2015-2019	222,975	510,000
2020-2024	105,068	625,000
2025	3,335	145,000
Totals	\$ 926,414	\$2,000,000

C. First Southern Veterans Park

On May 2, 2003, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 10-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the acquisition of land for the First Southern Veterans Park. Principal payments are due monthly. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$94,235. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	~ •	Scheduled Interest		rincipal ayment
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2013	\$	2,654 2,338 2,016 1,680 3,178	\$	10,604 10,920 11,246 11,581 49,884
Totals	\$	11,866	\$	94,235

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Emergency Communication Commission - Financing Obligations and Sub-leases Receivable

1. Emergency Communication Building

On August 21, 1992, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the purchase of an Emergency Communication building facility. Principal payments are due annually by January 20. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Emergency Communication Commission which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$31,000. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005, was also \$31,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	 Scheduled Interest		Principal Payment		Total Payment		Total to be Paid by the Commission	
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010-2012	\$ 1,558 1,345 1,112 865 1,233	\$	4,000 4,000 5,000 4,000 14,000	\$	5,558 5,345 6,112 4,865 15,233	\$	5,558 5,345 6,112 4,865 15,233	
Totals	\$ 6,113	\$	31,000	\$	37,113	\$	37,113	

2. Emergency Communication Building Renovation

On February 14, 2005, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for renovations to the Emergency Communication Building. Principal payments are due annually by July 20. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Emergency Communication Commission which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$130,295. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005, was also \$130,295. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Scheduled Interest		Principal Payment		<u>F</u>	Total Payment		Total to be Paid by the Commission	
2006	\$	6,376	\$	5,000	\$	11,376	9	\$	11,376
2007		6,120		5,000		11,120			11,120
2008		5,876		5,000		10,876			10,876
2009		5,620		5,000		10,620			10,620
2010-2014		24,322		25,000		49,322			49,322
2015-2019		18,023		25,000		43,023			43,023
2020-2024		8,058		50,000		58,058			58,058
2025		48		10,295		10,343			10,343
Totals	\$	74,443	\$	130,295	\$	204,738	9	\$	204,738

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. <u>City of Stanford – Financing Obligations and Sub-lease Receivable</u>

On April 6, 1996, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 23-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the City of Stanford's Pine Hall Water Project. Principal payments are due annually by January 20. The County subsequently entered into a sub-lease agreement with the City of Stanford which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$385,000. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005, was also \$385,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year							_	otal to be aid by the	
Ending June 30	~ .	Scheduled Interest		Principal Payment		Total Payment		City of of Stanford	
					_	_			
2006	\$	23,333	\$	20,000		\$ 43,333	\$	43,333	
2007		22,068		21,000		43,068		43,068	
2008		20,741		22,000		42,741		42,741	
2009		19,353		23,000		42,353		42,353	
2010-2014		73,652		132,000		205,652		205,652	
2015-2019		27,653		167,000	_	194,653		194,653	
Totals	\$	186,800	\$	385,000	_	\$ 571,800	\$	571,800	

F. Fire Districts – Financing Obligations and Sub-leases Receivable

1. Fire Trucks

On April 5, 2001, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 10-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the purchase of two fire trucks. Principal payments are due annually by January 20. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Fire District which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$165,108. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005 was also \$165,108. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year							To	tal to be
Ending	Sc	heduled	P	rincipal		Total	Pa	id by the
June 30	I	nterest	P	ayment	P	ayment	Fir	e District
2006	\$	7,716	\$	25,000	\$	32,716	\$	32,716
2007		6,448		26,000		32,448		32,448
2008		5,131		27,000		32,131		32,131
2009		3,763		28,000		31,763		31,763
2010-2011		3,222		59,108		62,330		62,330
Totals	\$	26,280	\$	165,108	\$	191,388	\$	191,388

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Fire Districts – Financing Obligations and Sub-leases Receivable (Continued)

2. Fire Truck

On December 6, 2001, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 10-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the purchase of a fire truck. Principal payments are due annually by January 20. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Fire District which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$92,348. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005 was \$92,348. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year							To	tal to be
Ending	Sc	heduled	P	rincipal		Total	Pa	id by the
June 30	I1	nterest	Payment		P	ayment	Fire Distri	
2006	\$	4,314	\$	11,692	\$	16,006	\$	16,006
2007		3,728		12,160		15,888		15,888
2008		3,118		12,646		15,764		15,764
2009		2,484		13,152		15,636		15,636
2010-2012		3,389		42,698		46,087		46,087
							_	
Totals	\$	17,033	\$	92,348	\$	109,381	\$	109,381

3. Fire Pumper Trucks

On April 22, 2003, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 10-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the purchase of two fire pumper trucks. Principal payments are due monthly. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Fire District which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$200,892. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005 was also \$200,892. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year							To	otal to be
Ending	Sc	heduled	P	rincipal		Total	Pa	id by the
June 30	I	nterest	P	ayment	Payment		Fi	re District
2006	\$	8,031	\$	21,867	\$	29,898	\$	29,898
2007		7,093		22,799		29,892		29,892
2008		6,126		23,771		29,897		29,897
2009		5,089		24,784		29,873		29,873
2010-2013		9,306		107,671		116,977		116,977
	ф.	22.12		•••				
Totals	\$	35,645	\$	200,892	\$	236,537	\$	236,537

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Fire Districts – Financing Obligations and Sub-leases Receivable (Continued)

4. Fire Station

On August 31, 2004, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the acquisition of land for a County fire station. Principal payments are due monthly. The County subsequently entered into an agreement with the Fire District which reimburses the County for the lease payments. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$184,707. The total sub-lease receivable balance still due the County as of June 30, 2005 was also \$184,707. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Scheduled Interest		Principal Payment		Total Payment		Total to be Paid by the Fire District	
2006	\$	5,380	\$ 7,241	\$	12,621		\$	12,621
2007		5,162	7,457		12,619			12,619
2008		4,947	7,680		12,627			12,627
2009		4,715	7,909		12,624			12,624
2010-2014		19,901	43,226		63,127			63,127
2015-2019		13,078	50,069		63,147			63,147
2020-2024		5,176	57,995		63,171			63,171
2025		30	 3,130		3,160	_		3,160
Totals	\$	58,389	\$ 184,707	\$	243,096		\$	243,096

G. Senior Citizens Center

On May 16, 2001, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the construction of a Senior Citizens Center. Principal payments are due annually by January 20. The total lease principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$555,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Scheduled Interest	Principal Payment
2006	\$ 30,940	\$ 25,000
2007	29,520	25,000
2008	28,100	25,000
2009	26,679	25,000
2010-2014	108,138	160,000
2015-2019	57,478	200,000
2020-2021	5,989	95,000
Totals	\$ 286,844	\$ 555,000

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

H. Courthouse Annex

On June 24, 1999, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year leasing agreement with KADD Financing Trust for construction costs to complete the second floor of the courthouse annex. In accordance with a sublease agreement between the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) and the Lincoln County Fiscal Court dated April 15, 1998, AOC committed itself to participate in providing part of the costs of completing the second floor of the courthouse annex through use allowance payments. As of October 1, 2004, the AOC committed itself to provide all of the costs associated with the KADD Revenue bonds directly to the bond trustee, the Bank of New York. The total principal balance outstanding as of June 30, 2005 was \$285,000. Future principal and interest requirements are:

Fiscal					
Year					Total to be
Ending	Principal	Interest	Trustee	Total	Paid by the
June 30	Payment	Payment	Fee	Payment	AOC
2006	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,145	\$ 500	\$ 30,645	\$ 30,645
2007	15,000	14,410	500	29,910	29,910
2008	15,000	13,675	500	29,175	29,175
2009	15,000	12,940	500	28,440	28,440
2010	15,000	12,205	500	27,705	27,705
2011-2015	90,000	48,305	2,500	140,805	140,805
2016-2020	120,000	20,350	2,500	142,850	142,850
Totals	\$ 285,000	\$ 137,030	\$ 7,500	\$ 429,530	\$ 429,530

I. Sheriff's Cruisers

On February 4, 2003, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 4-year leasing agreement with Ford Motor Credit Company for the purchase of two Sheriff's cruisers. Payments are due annually by February 4.

Fiscal Year						
Ending	Sch	eduled	P	Principal		
June 30	Int	terest	Payment			
2006	\$	685	\$	11,041		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

J. Changes in Sub-leases Receivable

Sub-lease receivable activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

		Seginning						Ending		ceivable Within
_	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
Emergency Communication										
Commission	\$	35,000	\$	130,295	\$	4,000	\$	161,295	\$	9,000
City of Stanford		404,000				19,000		385,000		20,000
Fire Districts		514,566		190,000		61,510		643,056		65,801
Governmental Activities Sub-leases Receivable	\$	953,566	\$	320,295	\$	84,510	\$1	,189,351	\$	94,801

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

K. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:							
1996 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$1,700,000	\$	\$1,700,000	\$	\$		
2004 First Mortgage Revenue Bonds		1,800,000	50,000	1,750,000	60,000		
Parks Project Bonds		2,000,000		2,000,000	70,000		
KACO Financing Obligations	1,638,097	320,295	119,807	1,838,585	130,404		
KADD Financing Obligation	300,000		15,000	285,000	15,000		
Ford Motor Credit Company - Sheriff's Cruisers	32,858		21,817	11,041	11,041		
-	3,670,955	4,120,295	1,906,624	5,884,626	286,445		
Unamortized Discount		(72,329)	(2,630)	(69,699)	(3,500)		
Unamortized Deferred Amount on Refunding		(185,700)	(5,800)	(179,900)	(8,670)		
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$3,670,955	\$3,862,266	\$1,898,194	\$5,635,027	\$ 274,275		
Component Unit Activities:							
Lincoln County Fiscal Court Financing Obligations	\$ 35,000	\$ 130,295	\$ 4,000	\$ 161,295	\$ 9,000		
Component Unit Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 35,000	\$ 130,295	\$ 4,000	\$ 161,295	\$ 9,000		

Note 6. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$92,245 in interest on financing obligations and \$128,717 in interest on bonds.

Note 7. Sublease Agreements

A. On August 21, 1992, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 20-year lease agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the purchase of an Emergency Communication building. On that same date, Lincoln County Fiscal Court and Lincoln County Emergency Communication Commission (the Commission) entered into a sublease which stated that for and in consideration of the Commission being allowed to utilize the properties as set up in the KACO Leasing Trust agreement with the County, the Commission will reimburse the County all rental payments as set out in the County's KACO Leasing Trust agreement. As of June 30, 2005, the Commission was in substantial compliance with the agreement. (See note 5.D.)

B. On April 4, 1996, the Lincoln County Fiscal Court entered into a 23-year leasing agreement with KACO Leasing Trust for the City of Stanford's Pine Hall Water Project. On that same date, Lincoln County Fiscal Court and the City of Stanford entered into a sublease which stated the City of Stanford will reimburse the County all rental payments as set out in the County's KACO Leasing Trust agreement. As of June 30, 2005, the City of Stanford was in substantial compliance with the agreement. (See note 5.E.)

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The Fiscal Court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Non-hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their annual creditable compensation to the plan. The County's contribution rate for non-hazardous employees was 8.48 percent of each employee's creditable compensation. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary annual creditable compensation to the plan. The County's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 22.08 percent of each employee's creditable compensation.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for non-hazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for non-hazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

For the period from July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 the County's contribution rate has increased to 10.98% and 25.01% for each non-hazardous and hazardous covered employee's annual creditable compensation respectively.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

Lincoln County Fiscal Court allows all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, Lincoln County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose		Amount	
Occupational Tax	Federal Grants Fund	Federal Grant Activities	\$	102,121	
Occupational Tax	General Fund	General Government Activities		261,282	
Occupational Tax	Road Fund	Road and Bridge Activities		462,800	
General	Public Properties Corporation	Debt Service Requirements		31,828	
		Total	\$	858,031	

Note 12. Contingencies

As a result of the modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements do not include an accrual or provision for loss contingencies. The County is a party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. One of the proceedings has been filed as a civil action seeking both punitive damages and attorney's fees which are not covered by the County's insurance policy. While the outcome of these proceedings cannot be predicted, due to insurance coverage maintained by the County, the County believes that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Note 13. Subsequent Events

During the 2005 Legislative Session, Governor Fletcher and the General Assembly of Kentucky awarded the following funds to Lincoln County for infrastructure projects which will include water line extensions and repairs, sewer extensions and repairs, and new water and sewer lines. There are a total of eight separate projects and the total amount Lincoln County will receive is \$1,500,000. Lincoln County has entered into "Professional Service Agreements" with Bluegrass Area Development District at costs not to exceed \$22,500 to assist the County in meeting the administrative requirements of Kentucky Infrastructure Authority.

On June 28, 2005 Lincoln County was notified of being awarded a Hazard Mitigation Grant. Lincoln County will acquire and demolish up to two residential structures and their surrounding lots to eliminate future flood damages to these structures. In addition, there is one flood prone mobile home park approved. The total projected cost of this project is \$397,495 consisting of \$344,035 federal funds and \$53,460 County funds. The Lincoln County Fiscal Court will be reimbursed for eligible expenses upon submission of documentation of expenses.

Lincoln County has submitted a grant pre-application for a project under the CEGG (Community Economic Growth Grant) Program. The amount requested is \$350,000 and will be used in the First Southern Veterans Park, which is currently being developed. The funds will be used for a Community Center and office. The building will be located at the new entrance to the park currently under construction. Lincoln County had to document its commitment to this project in the amount of \$279,070 which was done by letter in the form of the General Obligation Improvement Bonds (Series 2004) which the County bonded for Phase I and Phase II of the FSV Park.

On July 1, 2005 a \$13,785 advanced revenue note was issued at 3.821%, through the Kentucky Association of Counties Kentucky Advanced Revenue Program with a maturity date of January 30, 2006.

Note 14. Prior Period Adjustments

The following prior period adjustments are reflected in the accompanying financial statements as a restatement of fund balances/net assets as previously reported at June 30, 2004. The adjustments are:

Prior Period Fund Balance Adjustment - General Fund

Prior Period Fund Balance Adjustment - General Fund

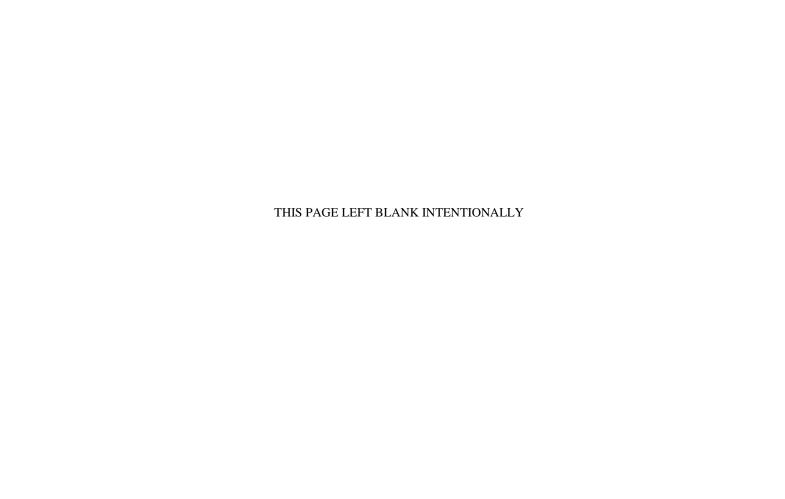
June 30, 2004 Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 573,361
Items Not Previously Recorded:	
FY 2004 Receivable Due From Emergency	
Communications Commission	 10,466
June 30, 2004 Adjusted Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 583,827

Note 14. Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

Prior Period Net Asset Adjustment - Primary Government

Prior Period Net Asset Adjustement - Primary Government

June 30, 2004 Net Asset Balance - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,884,744
Items Not Previously Recorded:	
FY 2004 Receivable due from Fire Districts	514,566
FY 2004 Receivable due from Water District	404,000
FY 2004 Receivable due from Emergency	
Communications Commission	45,466
FY 2004 Emergency Communications Commission	
Assets recorded on the County's books	(62,523)
June 30, 2004 Net Asset Balance - Governmental Activities	\$ 6,786,253



LINCOLN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

GENERAL FUND

				GENEKA	L FUN	ID .		
	Budg Origina		Amou F	nts inal	Amo (Bud	tual ounts, getary sis)	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
REVENUES							_	
Taxes	\$ 765,0		\$ 7	65,000		47,162	\$	82,162
Excess Fees	80,0			80,098		58,676		(21,422)
Licenses and Permits	74,3			74,300		25,161		50,861
Intergovernmental Revenue	443,8			43,804		33,836		(109,968)
Charges for Services	336,5			36,500		17,131		(19,369)
Miscellaneous	190,0		1	90,095	2	14,974		24,879
Interest	5,0			5,000		5,493		493
Total Revenues	1,894,7	97	1,8	94,797	1,90	02,433		7,636
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	849,8	10	8	49,810	78	87,720		62,090
Protection to Persons and Property	403,8		5	34,104		49,210		184,894
General Health and Sanitation	326,8	32	3	26,832	2	72,178		54,654
Social Services	119,0	39	1	19,039	10	01,023		18,016
Recreation and Culture	183,9	11	1	83,911	13	33,630		50,281
Debt Service	291,7			91,772		33,868		57,904
Capital Projects	125,3	38	3	15,338	12	24,818		190,520
Administration	446,9			46,963		26,852		20,111
Total Expenditures	2,747,4			67,769		29,299		638,470
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other	(050.6	77 \	(1.1	72 072\	<i>.</i> = <i>.</i>	26.066)		c4c 10c
Financing Uses	(852,6	77)	(1,1	72,972)	(5)	26,866)		646,106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
KACO Financing Obligations Issued			3	20,295	32	20,295		0
Sub-lease Passthrough					(32	20,295)		(320,295)
Transfers From Other Funds	261,2	82	2	61,282	20	51,282		0
Transfers To Other Funds					(.	31,828)		(31,828)
Total Other Financing Sources	261,2	82	5	81,577	22	29,454		(352,123)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(591,3	95)	(5	91,395)	(20	97,412)		293,983
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	591,3			91,395		83,827		(7,568)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0		86,415	\$	286,415
Ş								

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

		KOAD AND D	KIDGE FUND	
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,070,788	\$ 1,120,788	\$ 1,140,435	\$ 19,647
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	31,082	29,082
Interest	1,500	1,500	1,502	2
Total Revenues	1,074,288	1,124,288	1,173,019	48,731
EXPENDITURES				
General Health and Sanitation	21,000	21,000	19,978	1,022
Roads	1,372,188	1,554,564	1,450,769	103,795
Capital Projects	110,000	41,000	3,596	37,404
Administration	333,900	270,524	230,760	39,764
Total Expenditures	1,837,088	1,887,088	1,705,103	181,985
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Uses	(762,800)	(762,800)	(532,084)	230,716
I maneing oses	(702,000)	(702,000)	(332,004)	230,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers From Other Funds	462,800	462,800	462,800	0
Total Other Financing Sources	462,800	462,800	462,800	0
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	(300,000)	(300,000) 300,000	(69,284) 211,463	230,716 (88,537)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 142,179	\$ 142,179

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	JAIL FUND							
	 -			Amounts, Final Bud (Budgetary Positiv			iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	651,233	\$	710,913	\$	843,048	\$	132,135
Charges for Services		39,500		43,567		50,176		6,609
Miscellaneous		26,500		26,500		26,263		(237)
Interest		500		500		477		(23)
Total Revenues		717,733		781,480		919,964		138,484
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		712,404		774,741		759,643		15,098
Administration		196,520		218,930		168,244		50,686
Total Expenditures		908,924		993,671		927,887		65,784
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Uses		(191,191)		(212,191)		(7,923)		204,268
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers From Other Funds		124,791		124,791		124,791		0
Total Other Financing Sources		124,791		124,791		124,791		0
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		(66,400) 66,400		(87,400) 87,400		116,868 87,723		204,268 323
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	204,591	\$	204,591

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

	TEDERAL GRANIS FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
REVENUES						<u> </u>		
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	706,650	\$	706,650	\$	474,708	\$	(231,942)
Miscellaneous		25,793		25,793		8,417		(17,376)
Total Revenues		732,443		732,443		483,125		(249,318)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Projects		803,510		803,510		613,037		190,473
Total Expenditures		803,510		803,510		613,037		190,473
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Uses		(71,067)		(71,067)		(129,912)		(58,845)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers From Other Funds		171,512		171,512		102,121		(69,391)
Total Other Financing Sources		171,512		171,512		102,121		(69,391)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		100,445 (100,445)		100,445 (100,445)		(27,791) 95,831		(128,236) 196,276
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	68,040	\$	68,040

OCCUPATIONAL	TAX FUND
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		`	,			0112		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive [egative)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 995,	,000	\$	995,000	\$ 1,142,1	170	\$	147,170
Charges for Services		100		100		61		(39)
Miscellaneous		600		600	{	820		220
Interest	11,	,500		11,500	11,0	003		(497)
Total Revenues	1,007,	200	1	,007,200	1,154,0	054		146,854
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		,327		58,327	52,4			5,897
Administration	17,	,296		17,296	16,3	353		943
Total Expenditures	75,	,623		75,623	68,7	783		6,840
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources	931,	,577		931,577	1,085,2	271		153,694
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds	(1,020,	385)	(1	,020,385)	(826,2	203)		194,182
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,020,	,385)	(1	,020,385)	(826,2	203)		194,182
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning		,808) ,808		(88,808) 88,808	259,0 1,007,0			347,876 918,232
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,266,1	108	\$ 1	,266,108

LINCOLN COUNTY NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2005

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the Fiscal Court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the Fiscal Court by July 1.

The Fiscal Court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the Fiscal Court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2005

	S	pecial Rev	-				
		LGEA Fund		Law orcement acilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,616	\$	10,992	\$	31,608	
Total Assets	\$	20,616	\$	10,992	\$	31,608	
FUND BALANCES							
Unreserved:							
Special Revenue Funds	\$	20,616	\$	10,992	\$	31,608	
Total Fund Balances		20,616		10,992		31,608	
Total Liabilities and	\$	20.616	¢	10.002	¢	21 600	
Fund Balances	D	20,616	\$	10,992	\$	31,608	



LINCOLN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

	S	pecial Rev	e Funds				
		LGEA Fund		Law orcement acilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	47,547	\$		\$	47,547	
Interest		122		77		199	
Total Revenues		47,669		77		47,746	
EXPENDITURES							
Roads		35,200				35,200	
Total Expenditures		35,200		0		35,200	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources		12,469		77		12,546	
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		12,469 8,147		77 10,915		12,546 19,062	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	20,616	\$	10,992	\$	31,608	

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LINCOLN COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

LINCOLN COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None

REPORTABLE CONDITION

Reference Number 2005-1

The County Treasurer Should Prepare Bank Reconciliations For The Public Properties Corporation

During our auditing procedures we noted the Public Properties Corporation bank accounts held at Central Bank were not being reconciled or accounted for in the Fiscal Court's general ledger. We noted two errors within the Public Properties Corporation bank accounts at Central Bank.

We recommend that the Fiscal Court create general ledger accounts for these bank accounts and reconcile the bank accounts to the general ledger accounts on a monthly basis. A benefit of monthly reconciliations is that errors do not accumulate but can be identified and attributed to a particular period, which makes it easier to perform future reconciliations.

A cash reconciliation that reconciles from the bank balance to the general ledger balance should be prepared to determine that all cash transactions have been recorded properly and to discover bank errors.

County Judge/Executive Ronald W.Gilbert's Response:

I will create general ledger accounts for the Central Bank Accounts.

LINCOLN COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005 (Continued)

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

The Former Road Department Secretary Converted Vending Machine Commission Checks To Cash

Follow-up in Current Year

There is no longer a vending machine at the road department. Additionally, the employee involved is no longer employed by the County.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Ronald W. Gilbert, Lincoln County Judge/Executive Members of the Lincoln County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated February 22, 2006. Lincoln County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lincoln County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Lincoln County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comment and recommendation.

• The County Treasurer Should Prepare Bank Reconciliations For The Public Properties Corporation

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we do not believe the reportable condition described above is a material weakness.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lincoln County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be disclosed under Governmental Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Lincoln County Fiscal Court and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Moore Stephens Potter, LLP

Audit fieldwork completed - February 22, 2006

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LINCOLN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LINCOLN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The Lincoln County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer